

Bureau de Normalisation des Liants Hydrauliques

7, place de la Défense - 92974 Paris-la-Défense Cedex - Tél.: +33 (0)1 55 23 01 42 - Fax: +33 (0)1 49 67 10 46
E-mail : a.bonnet@atilh.fr

Certificate of Analysis

Reference Material SN3 c
Portland Cement
(CEM I 52,5 N)

Distributed by :

SNL
(Société Nouvelle Du Littoral)

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I – Participation and execution of tests

Each year the “Association Technique de l’Industrie des Liants Hydrauliques” (ATILH) organises round robin test campaign involving the participation of the cement production industry laboratories, the cement end-user laboratories and Research and Inspection Centers within the construction materials sector. This participation is compulsory for laboratories accredited by COFRAC for cement testing. The tests are carried out in accordance with standardised methods where latter exist, otherwise according to everyday traditional methods.

II – Statistical analysis of the results

Outliers are eliminated via the STUDENT’s test with a confidence level of 98 %. A reiteration is set at this threshold in order to keep only those values which are related to the “Normal or Gaussian” distribution, the latter being entirely defined by 2 parameters: mean and standard deviation. The coefficient of variation symbolised by “V” is the ratio between the standard deviation “ σ ” and the mean value \bar{X} .

III – Physical determination

a) Specific surface and particle size analysis

For the calibration of the Blaine permeability apparatus, follow the requirements of the EN 196-6 standard, paying particular attention to the temperature corrections, if any. To determine the volume of the compacted layer, it is not essential to use the Reference Material (but ensure that a sufficient quantity is taken so that the mass of the mercury does not modify the compaction of the powder layer). Reference Material should be used systematically:

- a) after 1000 tests ;
- b) when using another type of manometric liquid, another type of filter paper, a new manometer tube or a new perforated disc;
- c) If discrepancies are systematic with the secondary reference cement.

Table 1

	Mean value \bar{X}	Dispersion characteristics	
		Reproducibility	
		min	max
Sieve Residu (45 μ) “ Alpine”	96.3 %	93.2	98.3
Refus à 45 μ “ Alpine”		σ	V (%)
Particle density (g/cm^3) with picnometer method Masse volumique des grains (g/cm^3)	3,14	0,01	0,3
Blaine Specific Area (cm^2/g) with EN 196-6 Surface spécifique Blaine (cm^2/g)	3727	66	2.20

Table 2

Particle size analysis by laser diffraction (ISO 13320-1)			Air-jet sieving - Alpine test (NF X11-640)	
Equivalent size aperture a (μm)	Mean (% of < a)*	σ (%)* (reproducibility)	Mean (% of < a)	σ (%) □(reproducibili-ty)□
2,0	10.3	2.3		
3,15	16.3	2.8		
4	20.3	2.9		
5	24.8	3.1		
6,3	30.0	3.2		
8	35.8	3.5		
10	42.5	3.7	36.1	
12,5	49.8	3.8	46.6	
16	58.9	4.0	58.2	
25	79.3	4.1	83.5	3,4
31,5	87.7	3.1	91.3	3,0
40	94.5	1.7	96.1	1,2
45	96.3	1.4	97.2	1,1
50	97.5	1.0	97.8	1.0
63	99.3	0.3	99.0	0.8
80	99.9	0.1	99,5	0,2
100	99,9	0.1		
125	99,9	0.1		
160	99,9	0,1		

*Number of values from 68 to 72

IV – Chemical composition

X-ray fluorescence spectrometry, fused bead (ISO 29581-2)			Chemical Analysis (EN 196-2)			
Elements	Mean \bar{X} (%)	Standard deviation σ (%) reproducibility	Coefficient of variation V (%)	Mean \bar{X} (%)	Standard deviation σ (%) reproducibility	Coefficient of variation V (%)
Loss on ignition	-	-	-	1.54	0.02	2.8
SiO_2	22,12	0,23	0.8			
Al_2O_3	3.24	0,03	1.8			
Fe_2O_3	2.17	0,02	1.9			
CaO	66.92	0,15	0.5			
MgO	0.74	0,01	4.2			
SO_3^3	2.37	0,04	0.07	2.38	0.25	0.03
Free CaO ²	0.53	0,12	24.4			
Insoluble ³				0,49	0,10	41.9
Na_2O^1	0,14	0,02	10.6	0,13	0,1	11
K_2O^1	0,17	0,01	6.6	0,2	nc	nc
TiO_2	0,15	0,01	4.3			
P_2O_5	0,06*					
SrO	0,13*					

¹ photometric method

² all methods combined

³ gravimetric method

* $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5 \pm 0,003\% - \text{SrO} \pm 0,003\%$

V – Sample conditioning

The sample of this reference material is packaged in sold in batch of 20 phials of 5 g,. Physico-chemical properties of the sample are stable until the phial is open.